SENATE BILL No. 313

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 3-9; IC 3-14-1-16.

Synopsis: Surplus funds held by candidate's committee. Allows a retiring state, legislative, local, or school board officeholder to use surplus contributions received by the officeholder's candidate's committee for personal purposes if the officeholder pays the applicable taxes on the amounts used.

Effective: July 1, 2005.

Antich-Carr

January 6, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Civic Affairs.





First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 313

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-9-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. (a) Money received by a	
3	candidate or committee as a contribution may be used only:	
4	(1) to defray any expense reasonably related to the person's or	
5	committee's:	

- (A) campaign for federal, state, legislative, or local office;
- (B) continuing political activity; or
- (C) activity related to service in an elected office;
- (2) to make an expenditure to any national, state, or local committee of any political party or another candidate's committee; or
- (3) upon dissolution of a committee, in a manner permitted under IC 3-9-1-12.
- (b) Money received by a candidate or committee as a contribution may not be used for primarily personal purposes by the candidate or by any other person except as described in subsection (a) and section 4.5 of this chapter.



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IN 313—LS 6548/DI 102+

1	(c) Money received as a contribution may be invested by a
2	committee in an account with a financial institution, savings
3	association, or credit union, or in any equity account. Any loss resulting
4	from an investment under this subsection must be reported as a
5	committee expenditure. Any gain resulting from an investment under
6	this subsection must be reported as income.
7	SECTION 2. IC 3-9-3-4.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2005]: Sec. 4.5. (a) This section applies to an individual who
10	leaves a state, legislative, local, or school board office after June 30,
11	2005.
12	(b) As used in this section, "surplus" refers to the assets of a
13	candidate's committee, including cash on hand, after the payment
14	of expenditures described in section 4(a)(1) and 4(a)(2) of this
15	chapter.
16	(c) An individual who leaves a state, legislative, local, or school
17	board office may use all or part of the surplus in the individual's
18	candidate's committee for:
19	(1) any of the purposes listed in IC 3-9-1-12; or
20	(2) the individual's personal purposes.
21	(d) If the individual elects to use all or part of the surplus in the
22	individual's candidate's committee for the purposes described in
23	subsection (c)(2), the individual must pay all applicable taxes on
24	the amount before using the amount for those purposes.
25	SECTION 3. IC 3-9-4-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 16. (a) In addition to any other
27	penalty imposed, a person who does any of the following is subject to
28	a civil penalty under this section:
29	(1) Fails to file with the election division a report in the manner
30	required under IC 3-9-5.
31	(2) Fails to file a statement of organization required under
32	IC 3-9-1.
33	(3) Is a committee or a member of a committee who disburses or
34	expends money or other property for any political purpose before
35	the money or other property has passed through the hands of the
36	treasurer of the committee.
37	(4) Makes a contribution other than to a committee subject to this
38	article or to a person authorized by law or a committee to receive
39	contributions on the committee's behalf.
40	(5) Is a corporation or labor organization that exceeds any of the
41	limitations on contributions prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4.

(6) Makes a contribution in the name of another person.



1	(7) Accepts a contribution made by one (1) person in the name of
2	another person.
3	(8) Is not the treasurer of a committee subject to this article, and
4	pays any expenses of an election or a caucus except as authorized
5	by this article.
6	(9) Commingles the funds of a committee with the personal funds
7	of an officer, a member, or an associate of the committee.
8	(10) Wrongfully uses campaign contributions in violation of
9	IC 3-9-3-4 or IC 3-9-3-4.5.
10	(11) Violates IC 3-9-2-12.
11	(12) Fails to designate a contribution as required by IC 3-9-2-5(c).
12	(13) Violates IC 3-9-3-5.
13	(14) Serves as a treasurer of a committee in violation of any of the
14	following:
15	(A) IC 3-9-1-13(1).
16	(B) IC 3-9-1-13(2).
17	(C) IC 3-9-1-18.
18	(b) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
19	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for filing a defective report or
20	statement. If the commission determines that a person failed to file the
21	amended report or statement of organization not later than noon five (5)
22	days after being given notice under section 14 of this chapter, the
23	commission may assess a civil penalty. The penalty is ten dollars (\$10)
24	for each day the report is late after the expiration of the five (5) day
25	period, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) plus any investigative
26	costs incurred and documented by the election division. The civil
27	penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
28	(c) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
29	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for a delinquent report or
30	statement. If the commission determines that a person failed to file the
31	report or statement of organization by the deadline prescribed under
32	this article, the commission shall assess a civil penalty. The penalty is
33	fifty dollars (\$50) for each day the report or statement is late, with the
34	afternoon of the final date for filing the report or statement being
35	calculated as the first day. The civil penalty under this subsection may
36	not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) plus any investigative costs
37	incurred and documented by the election division. The civil penalty
38	limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
39	(d) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
40	penalty under subsection (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(6), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(9), or
41	(a)(10). If the commission determines that a person is subject to a civil

penalty under subsection (a), the commission may assess a civil penalty



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- (e) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5). If the commission determines that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5), the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than three (3) times the amount of the contribution in excess of the limit prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (f) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(11). If the commission determines that a candidate or the candidate's committee has violated IC 3-9-2-12, the commission shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division:
 - (1) Two (2) times the amount of any contributions received.
 - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (g) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(12). If the commission determines that a corporation or a labor organization has failed to designate a contribution in violation of IC 3-9-2-5(c), the commission shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division:
 - (1) Two (2) times the amount of the contributions undesignated.
 - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (h) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(13). If the commission determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, that a person has violated IC 3-9-3-5, the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (i) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(14). If the commission determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the commission, that a person has served as the treasurer of a committee in violation of any of the statutes listed in subsection (a)(14), the commission may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the election division.
- (j) All civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited with the treasurer of state in the campaign finance enforcement account.
 - (k) Proceedings of the commission under this section are subject to











1	IC 4-21.5.
2	SECTION 4. IC 3-9-4-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 17. (a) In addition to any other
4	penalty imposed, a person who does any of the following is subject to
5	a civil penalty under this section:
6	(1) Fails to file with a county election board a report in the
7	manner required under IC 3-9-5.
8	(2) Fails to file a statement of organization required under
9	IC 3-9-1.
10	(3) Is a committee or a member of a committee who disburses or
11	expends money or other property for any political purpose before
12	the money or other property has passed through the hands of the
13	treasurer of the committee.
14	(4) Makes a contribution other than to a committee subject to this
15	article or to a person authorized by law or a committee to receive
16	contributions in the committee's behalf.
17	(5) Is a corporation or labor organization that exceeds any of the
18	limitations on contributions prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4.
19	(6) Makes a contribution in the name of another person.
20	(7) Accepts a contribution made by one (1) person in the name of
21	another person.
22	(8) Is not the treasurer of a committee subject to this article, and
23	pays any expenses of an election or a caucus except as authorized
24	by this article.
25	(9) Commingles the funds of a committee with the personal funds
26	of an officer, a member, or an associate of the committee.
27	(10) Wrongfully uses campaign contributions in violation of
28	IC 3-9-3-4 or IC 3-9-3-4.5.
29	(11) Fails to designate a contribution as required by IC 3-9-2-5(c).
30	(12) Violates IC 3-9-3-5.
31	(13) Serves as a treasurer of a committee in violation of any of the
32	following:
33	(A) IC 3-9-1-13(1).
34	(B) IC 3-9-1-13(2).
35	(C) IC 3-9-1-18.
36	(b) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil
37	penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for filing a defective report or
38	statement. If the county election board determines that a person failed
39	to file the report or a statement of organization not later than noon five
40	(5) days after being given notice under section 14 of this chapter, the
41	county election board may assess a civil penalty. The penalty is ten

dollars (\$10) for each day the report is late after the expiration of the



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- five (5) day period, not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board. The civil penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
- (c) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) for a delinquent report or statement. If the county election board determines that a person failed to file the report or statement of organization by the deadline prescribed under this article, the board shall assess a civil penalty. The penalty is fifty dollars (\$50) for each day the report is late, with the afternoon of the final date for filing the report or statement being calculated as the first day. The civil penalty under this subsection may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board. The civil penalty limit under this subsection applies to each report separately.
- (d) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(3), (a)(4), (a)(6), (a)(7), (a)(8), (a)(9), or (a)(10). If the county election board determines that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a), the board may assess a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.
- (e) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5). If the county election board determines that a person is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(5), the board may assess a civil penalty of not more than three (3) times the amount of the contribution in excess of the limit prescribed by IC 3-9-2-4, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.
- (f) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(11). If the county election board determines that a corporation or a labor organization has failed to designate a contribution in violation of IC 3-9-2-5(c), the board shall assess a civil penalty equal to the greater of the following, plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board:
 - (1) Two (2) times the amount of the contributions undesignated.
 - (2) One thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (g) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a)(12). If the county election board determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board, that a person has violated IC 3-9-3-5, the board may assess a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.
 - (h) This subsection applies to a person who is subject to a civil











penalty under subsection (a)(13). If the county election board
determines, by unanimous vote of the entire membership of the board,
that a person has served as the treasurer of a committee in violation of
any of the statutes listed in subsection (a)(13), the board may assess a
civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), plus any
investigative costs incurred and documented by the board.
(i) All civil penalties collected under this section shall be deposited
with the county treasurer to be deposited by the county treasurer in a
separate account to be known as the campaign finance enforcement
account. The funds in the account are available, with the approval of

- the county fiscal body, to augment and supplement the funds appropriated for the administration of this article.
- (j) Money in the campaign finance enforcement account does not revert to the county general fund at the end of a county fiscal year.
- (k) Proceedings of the county election board under this section are subject to IC 4-21.5.
- SECTION 5. IC 3-14-1-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 16. A person who knowingly or intentionally violates IC 3-9-3-4 or IC 3-9-3-4.5 commits a Class A infraction.







